

Atomic Structure:- Atoms Colliding

lets start from the beginning :-

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Q) What is an Atom?

@dackify
insta

→ Smallest particle of an element which can take part in a :-

Chemical Reaction

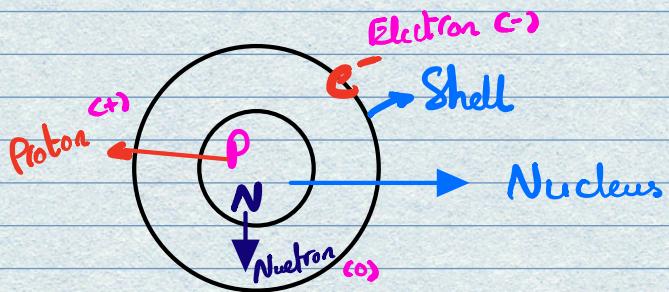
Q) What's a Chemical ?

Any substance which contains matter

Q) What's a Chemical Reaction ?

→ It involves sharing or loss or gain of electrons

Q) What's inside an Atom?



Atomic Number (Z) :-

Number of protons in the nucleus of an atom

* Proton number is the identity of an element.

If it changes → Element changes

Mass Number (A)

Sum of Protons and Neutrons in the nucleus of a atom.

$$\text{Proton} :- +1 = 1$$

$$\text{Neutron} :- 0 = 1$$

$$\text{Electron} :- -1 = 1/1840$$

$$\star \text{No of Neutrons} =$$

$$A - Z$$

Ions

Ion :- Charged Particle

→ In an ATOM :- no of $P \& e^-$ = Same

→ + Ve Sign = More Protons than electrons

→ - Ve Sign = More electrons than Protons!

Examples:-

$$7p/7e = 0 = \text{Atom}$$

$$+7/-8 = 1^- = \text{Anion}$$

$$+7/-9 = 2^- = \text{Anion}$$

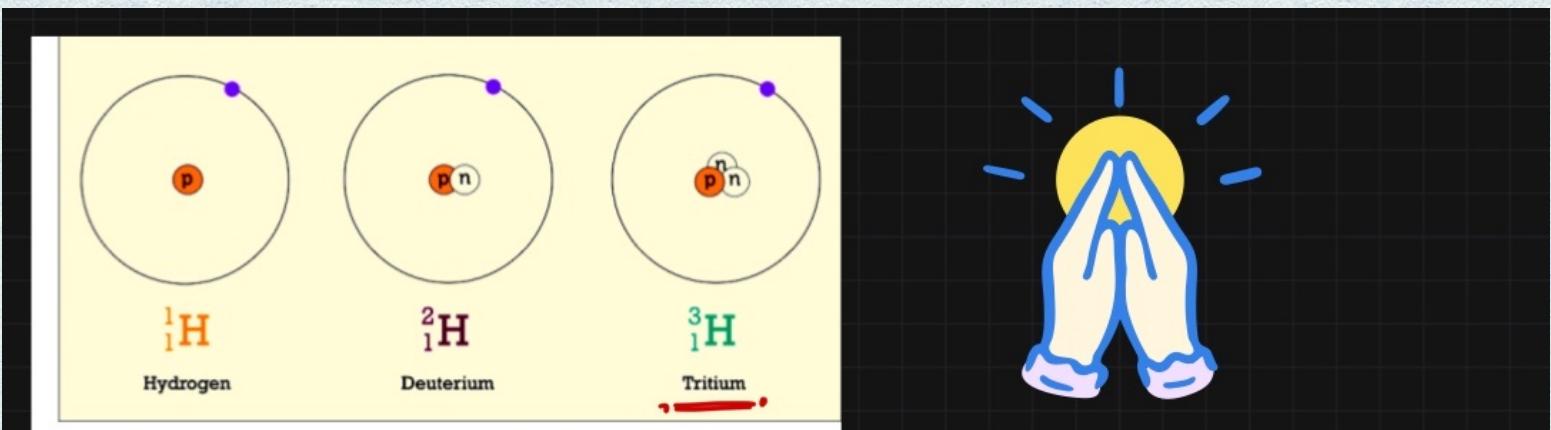
$$+7/-6 = 1^+ = \text{Cation}$$

$$+7/-5 = 2^+ = \text{Cation}$$

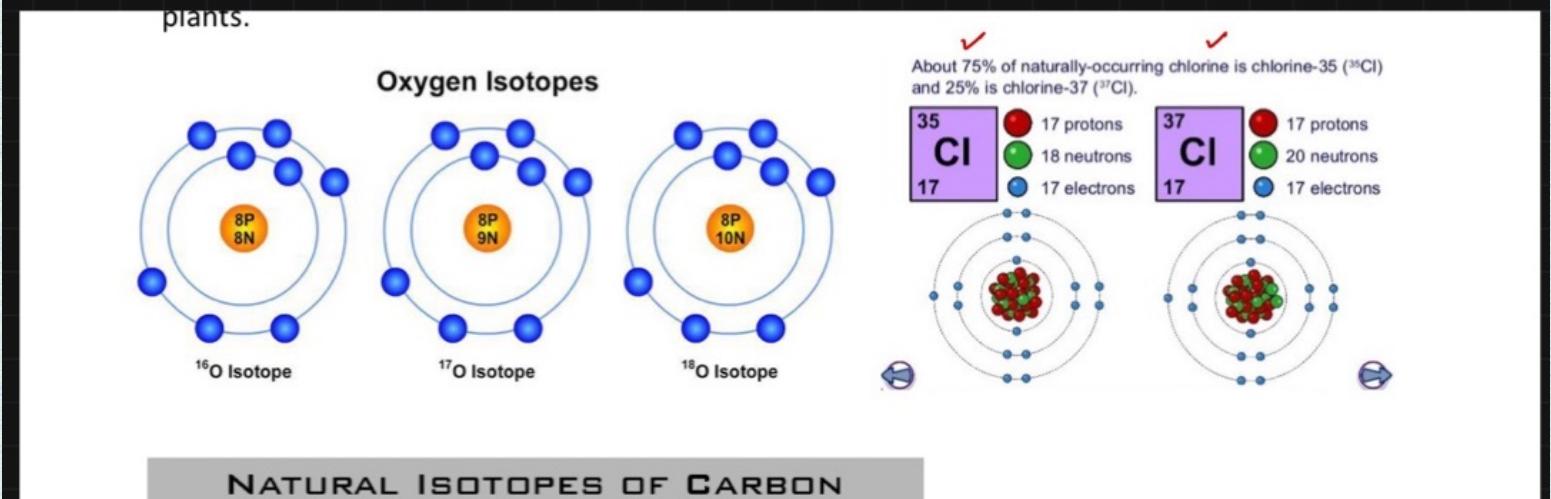
ISOTOPES

Atoms of same element with dif noof Neutrons !

Chemical properties depends upon no of electrons.
In the outer shell. Hence Isotopes are Identical
Chemically



plants.



NATURAL ISOTOPES OF CARBON

Carbon-12 (6P + 6N)	Carbon-13 (6P + 7N)	Carbon-14 (6P + 8N)
Atomic Weight = 12 Isotope Mass: 12 u Abundance: 98.89%	Atomic Weight = 13 Isotope Mass = 13.00335 u Abundance: 1.109%	Atomic Weight = 14 Isotope Mass: 14.003241 u Abundance: 1 Part Per Trillion Half-life: 5,730 ± 40 Years

234U 234.04094 $t_{1/2}=246,000$ yrs 0.0055% Radioactive	235U 235.04392 $t_{1/2}=704$ million yrs 0.720% Radioactive	238U 238.05078 $t_{1/2}=447$ billion yrs 99.2745% Radioactive
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